Outlineoffungi.org - Note 855 Curvichaeta

Web-links: Index Fungorum, Facesoffungi, MycoBank, GenBank

Curvichaeta W.P. Wu & Y.Z. Diao

Curvichaeta was erected by Wu & Diao (2022) as a monotypic genus to accommodate *C. curvispora*. The type species was originally described as *Chaetosphaeria curvispora* by Réblová et al. (2004), but a phylogenetic reconstruction based on ITS and LSU sequence data revealed that it represents a lineage distinct from *Chaetosphaeria* s. str. (Wu & Diao 2022). *Curvichaeta curvispora* has been reported as a saprobe from decorticated wood in New Zealand. It is characterized by setose, papillate, black perithecia with fusiform, hyaline, 3-septate ascospores and macronematous, brown, simple conidiophores bearing a terminal, integrated, phialidic conidiogenous cell, which produces ellipsoidal to clavate, hyaline, smooth-walled, 0–1-septate conidia. According to Wu & Diao (2022), sterile, brown setae with a swollen apex are produced in culture, and their presence would distinguish *Curvichaeta* from morphologically similar genera, such as *Dictyochaeta, Flectospora*, and *Phialoturbella*. The taxonomic placement of *Curvichaeta* is in *Chaetosphaeriaceae*, *Chaetosphaeriales*, *Sordariomycetes*, and *Ascomycota*.

References

Réblová M. 2004 – Four new species of *Chaetosphaeria* from New Zealand and redescription of *Dictyochaeta fueguiana*. Studies in Mycology 50(1), 171–186.

Wu W, Diao Y. 2022 – Anamorphic chaetosphaeriaceous fungi from China. Fungal Diversity 116(1), 1–546. https://doi.org/10.1007/s13225-022-00509-w

Entry by

Hugo Madrid, Departamento de Tecnología Médica, Facultad de Ciencias de la Salud, Universidad de Tarapacá, Sede Iquique, Av. Luis Emilio Recabarren 2477, Iquique, Chile

(Edited by Kevin D. Hyde, Maryam Tavakol Noorabadi & Subodini N. Wijesinghe)

Published online 2 April 2024